Step 1. Use the following table to identify the type of construction.

Definitions of Construction Activities							
Construction	Description						
Type							
A	Inspections and non-invasive activities. Includes, but is not limited to removal of ceiling tiles for visual inspection, limited to 1 tile per 50 square feet; painting with minimal dust production; installing wall covering; electrical trim and minor						
	plumbing work; and activities that do not generate dust or require cutting of walls or access to ceilings other than for visual inspections.						
В	Small-scale, short-duration activities that create minimal dust. Includes, but is not limited to installation of telephone and computer cabling, access to chase spaces, cutting of walls or ceiling where dust migration can be controlled.						
С	Any work that generates a moderate to high-level amount of dust or requires demolition or removal of any fixed building components or assemblies. Includes, but is not limited to sanding of wall for painting or wall covering, removal of floor coverings, ceiling tiles and case work, new wall construction, minor duct or electrical work above ceilings, major cabling activities, and any activity that cannot be completed within a single work shift.						
D	Major demolition and construction projects. Includes but is not limited to activities that require consecutive work shifts, require heavy demolition or removal of a complete ceiling system, and new construction.						

Step 2. Use the following table to identify high-risk groups.

Infection Control Risk Assessment (Circle One)						
Low	Medium	Medium-High	High			
◆ Office areas ◆ Other:	 ◆ All patient care areas (unless stated in medium to high or high risk areas) ◆ Other: 	 ◆ Emergency Room ◆ Radiology/MRI ◆ Labor & Delivery ◆ Nurseries ◆ Pediatrics ◆ Nuclear Medicine ◆ Admission/Discharge Units ◆ Physiotherapy (tank areas) ◆ Dining Facility ◆ Laboratories (specimens) ◆ Special Procedures ◆ Other: 	 ◆ Transplant Patients ◆ Operating Rooms ◆ PACU ◆ Sterile Processing			

Step 3. Use the following table to define risk.

Risk Assessment Matrix							
	Construction Activity						
Risk Group	Group A B C D						
Low	I	II	II	III/IV			
Medium	I	II	III	IV			
Medium-High	I	II	III/IV	IV			
High	III	III/IV	III/IV	IV			

Step 4. Complete the Infection Control Construction Permit.

Infection Control Constr	uction Permit						
Project Description/Number:				Main	Project Type:MaintenanceRenovationDemolitionConstructionOther:		
Estimated Start Date:				Estimate	d Con	npletion Date:	
Project Engineer/COTR	:			Phone No	Phone Number:		
Project Contractor:				Phone No	umber	:	
Infection Control Nurse:				Phone Nu	umber	:	
Location:				Area Sup	Area Supervisor/Phone Number:		
Construction Type: (Circle One)			Risk Group: (Circle One)			Risk Assessment: (Circle One)	
A B C D			Low Medium-High	Medium High		I II III III/IV IV	
	Projected Litilit	tv Outage	s Impacting Infection	Control (M	[ark al	 that annly)	
Electrical	Potable Water	HVAC		Sewer	Otho		
List All Construction E	quipment that n	nay Gene	rate Noise, Vibration, Magnetic Interferen		erferen	nce with Medical Equipment (Electro	

	Prevention and Control Measures (Mark all that apply)
Risk Assessment	
I	 Use work practices that will minimize generation of dust from construction operations. Immediately replace any ceiling tiles displaced for visual inspection.
II	 Provide means (e.g., fire-rated plastic sheeting) to prevent airborne dust from dispersing into the atmosphere. Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting. Seat unused doors with low tack. Block off and seal air vents. Wipe surfaces with disinfectant. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers. Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area. Place dust mat at work area entrances and exits. Isolate HVAC system in work area.
III	 Isolate HVAC system in work area. Install fire-rated barriers or implement control cube method before construction begins. Maintain negative air pressure within work area, utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units. Keep barriers in tact until project is completed and area is thoroughly cleaned by housekeeping. Vacuum work area with HEPA-filtered vacuums frequently. Wipe surfaces with disinfectant. Remove barriers carefully to minimize spreading dirt and debris associated with construction. Contain construction waste before transport. Cover waste transport containers or carts, tape coverings if lids or covers are not tight.
IV	 Isolate HVAC system in work area. Install fire-rated barriers or implement control cube method before construction begins. Maintain negative air pressure within work area, utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units. Seal holes, pipes, conduits, and punctures appropriately. Construct anteroom and require all personnel to pass through this room so then can be vacuumed with HEPA vacuum cleaner before leaving work area, or wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave the work area. Require all personnel entering work area to wear shoe covers. Keep barriers in tact until project is complete and thoroughly cleaned by housekeeping. Vacuum work with HEPA-filtered vacuums daily or more frequently as needed. Wet mop adjacent areas with disinfectant daily or more frequently as needed. Remove barriers in a manner to minimize spreading dirt and debris associated with construction. Contain construction waste before transport. Cover waste transport containers or carts, tape coverings if lids or covers are not tight.

Other Risk-Reduction Strategies
Keep patient doors adjacent to the construction area closed.
Seal exterior windows to minimize infiltration from excavation debris.
Designate alternate routes in the facility that detour staff, patients, and visitors around the construction site.
Schedule projects during winter months when risk of fungal infection is lowest.
Designate a construction-only elevator, entrance, and walkway for construction crew.
Remove construction debris through a window on floors above the ground level.
Relocate high-risk patients to an area removed from the construction site.
Post signage related to non-authorized entry into the work area.
Designate storage areas for construction materials.
Train and educate healthcare staff, facility workers, construction workers.
Other:

Step 5. Complete daily monitoring to ensure workers/contractors follow infection control guidelines and policies.

Infection Control Checklist					
During Construction/Renovation					
Inspector: Location:			Date:	Time:	
Ros	 rriers		Air He	andling	
Construction signs pos			Air Handling All windows behind barrier closed		
<u> </u>					
Doors properly closed			Negative air pressure		
Holes, pipes, conduits	, punctures, etc. sealed		Portable air flow units used to maintain		
Dust barriers intact and sealed			negative pressure running		
Floor and horizontal surfaces free of dust			Trash and Debris		
Ceiling tiles free of moisture			No visible evidence of insects (flies)		
Traffic Control			Trash placed in appropriate containers		
All doors and exits fre	e of debris		Routine cleaning performed in work area		
Restricted to construct	tion workers and essential		"Sticky" dust mats appropriately placed/clean		
staff			No evidence of dust outside the construction		
		area			
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)			Debris removed in covered container daily		
Workers wearing appr	opriate PPE		Regulated medical wa	aste containers removed	
	_		from work area before	e work is started	

COMMENTS/ACTIONS TAKEN:

Step 6. Complete final infection control inspection upon completion of construction/renovation.

Infection Control Checklist Final Upon Completion of Construction/Renovation							
	Inspector: Location:		ntion: Date:		Time:		
		Equip	me	nt			
	Soap dispensers prop	erly installed and filled		Towel dispensers pro	operly installed and filled		
	Sinks functional			Sharps containers properly installed			
	Housekeeping						
Waste and excess equipment/supplies removed Surfaces and floors dust free					lust free		
Ventilation							
Appropriate pressure relationships verified				Air intake/exhaust vents free of protective			
	coverings						

COMMENTS/ACTIONS TAKEN: